

量子物理学・ナノサイエンス第211回セミナー

Development of correlation energy functional based on the transcorrelated density functional theory

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既要

We propose a new formulation of the correlation energy functional derived from the transcorrelated method in use in density functional theory (TC-DFT). An effective Hamiltonian, H_{TC}, is introduced by a similarity transformation of a many-body Hamiltonian, H, with respect to a complex function F: $H_{TC} = 1/F$ H F. It is proved that an expectation value of H_{TC} for a normalized single Slater determinant, D^n , corresponds to the total energy: $E[n] = \langle \Psi^n | H | \Psi^n \rangle / \langle \Psi^n | \Psi^n \rangle = \langle D^n | H_{TC} | D^n \rangle$ under the two assumptions: (1) The electron density $n(\mathbf{r})$ associated with a trial wave function $\Psi^n =$ $D^n F$ is v-representable and (2) Ψ^n and D^n give rise to the same electron density n (r). This formulation, therefore, provides an alternative expression of the total energy that is useful for the development of novel correlation energy functionals. By substituting a specific function for F, we successfully derived a model correlation energy functional, which resembles the functional form of the screened exchange method. The proposed functional, named the extended screened exchange (ESX) functional, is described within two-body integrals and is parametrized for a numerically exact correlation energy of the homogeneous electron gas. The ESX functional does not contain any ingredients of (semi-) local functionals and thus is totally free from self-interactions. The computational cost for solving the self-consistent-field equation is comparable to that of the Hartree-Fock method. We apply the ESX functional to electronic structure calculations for a solid silicon, Hion, and small atoms. The results demonstrate that the TC-DFT formulation is promising for the systematic improvement of the correlation energy functional.

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