



量子物理学・ナノサイエンス第 94 回特別セミナー

# Kibble-Zurek mechanism for nonequilibrium phase transitions in driven systems with quenched disorder

講師 : Dr. Charles Reichhardt

Los Alamos National Laboratory, USA

日程 : 4月9日(火) 16:00-

場所 : 本館1階 114 理学院会議室

## 概要

The Kibble-Zurek (KZ) mechanism describes the density of defects as a system is quenched through an equilibrium phase transition. The KZ scenario predicts a universal power law scaling and has implications for continuum phase transitions in the early universe, materials science, and condensed matter systems [1,2]. An open question is whether the KZ scenario also holds for nonequilibrium phase transitions. We show that the Kibble-Zurek mechanism applies to nonequilibrium phase transitions found in driven assemblies of superconducting vortices and colloidal particles moving over quenched disorder where a transition occurs from a plastic disordered flowing state to a moving anisotropic crystal. We measure the density of topological defects as a function of quench rate through the nonequilibrium phase transition, and find that on the ordered side of the transition, the topological defect density  $\rho_d$  scales as a power law with  $t_q$ , the quench time duration, consistent with the Kibble-Zurek mechanism. We show that scaling with the same exponent holds for varied strengths of quenched disorder and that the exponents fall in the directed percolation (DP) universality class [3]. Our results suggest that the Kibble-Zurek mechanism can be applied to the broader class of systems that exhibit absorbing phase transitions. We also examine a system of skyrmions with a strong Magnus force component that are driven over random disorder and exhibit a dynamic transition from a fluid to a two-dimensional crystal. In this case we find a different set of exponents and we argue that the critical behavior is associated with coarsening since the defects can both climb and glide [4]. We discuss how systems with non-equilibrium phase transitions such as glasses, turbulence, time crystals, or systems exhibiting a reversible-irreversible transition could also be interesting places to look for Kibble-Zurek type dynamics.

(\*Collaboration with Cynthia Reichhardt and Adolfo del Campo)

[1] T.W.B. Kibble, "Topology of cosmic domains and strings." *J. Phys. A: Math. Gen.* **9**, 1387 (1976).

[2] W.H. Zurek, "Cosmological experiments in superfluid helium." *Nature (London)* **317**, 505 (1985).

[3] C.J.O. Reichhardt, A. del Campo, and C. Reichhardt, "Kibble-Zurek mechanism for nonequilibrium phase transitions in driven systems with quenched disorder." *Commun. Phys.* **5**, 173 (2022).

[4] S. Maegochi, K. Ienaga, and S. Okuma, "Kibble-Zurek mechanism for dynamical ordering in a driven vortex system." *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **129**, 227001 (2022).

[5] C. Reichhardt, I. Regev, K. Dahmen, S. Okuma, and C.J.O. Reichhardt, *Phys. Rev. Research* **5**, 021001 (2023).

連絡教員 大熊 哲 (内線 3252)